Omaha Public Schools Screen Time Guidelines (For Families)

All screen time is not created equal. *What* your child engages with online is more important than *how* long. There is evidence that rules focusing on content, co-viewing, and communication are associated with better well-being outcomes than rules focused on screen time. Consider interactive and creative screen consumption vs. passive.



Screen Time Guidelines from the American Academy of Child & Adolescent Psychiatry:

- Younger than 18 months: Avoid screen time except for video chats with loved ones.
- Age 18–24 months: Find high-quality programming (if you introduce screen time) and watch or play together.
- Age 2–5: Limit non-educational screen time to one hour per day.
- **Six and older**: Balance screen use with reading, hobbies, and time with friends and family. Make sure it doesn't interfere with sleep, exercise, and other healthy behaviors.

Family Tech Planners:

There isn't a one-size-fits-all approach to screen use, and each family is different. Consider filling out a <u>family tech planner</u> to set expectations, facilitate conversations, and create a screen-use family plan that works for everyone.

Technology Tips for Families:

- **Co-view or co-play with your child(ren)**: Asking questions about the characters or plot in a TV show or having a child teach a family member how to play a video game transforms the on-screen experience from passive consumption to active.
- Stay connected to what your child(ren) is doing online: Being curious and asking nonjudgmental questions will make it more likely for a child to share what they're doing online and whom they're talking to.

Are you looking for more screen time tips? Check out additional information from Common Sense Media. **Read**: Advice articles in <u>English</u> or <u>Spanish</u>. **Watch**: How Much is Too Much in English or Spanish.

Sources:

- How Much Screen Time is Okay for my Kids? Common Sense Media
- <u>Screen Time and Children</u> AACAP

